

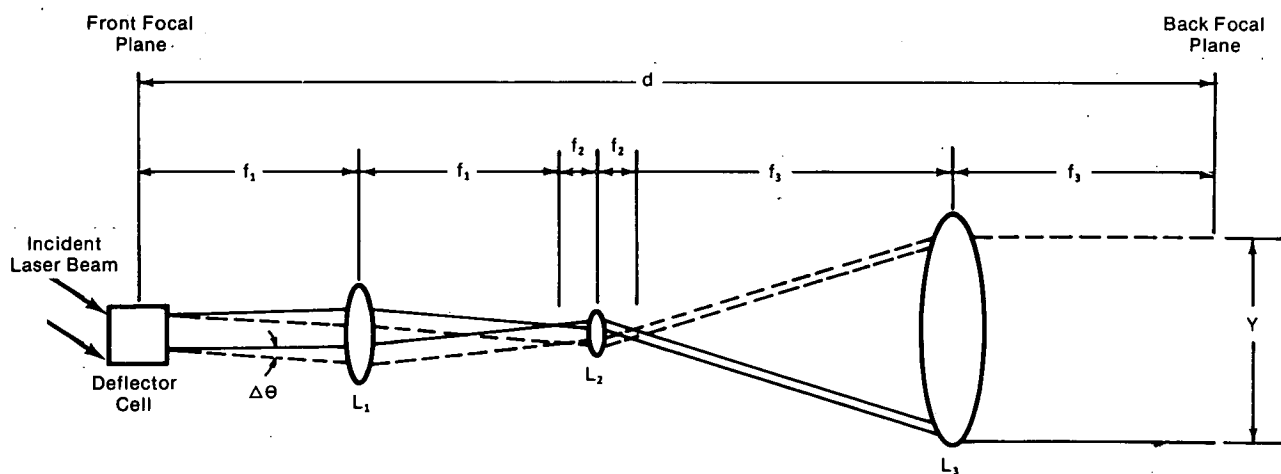
# NASA TECH BRIEF

## Marshall Space Flight Center



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### Acoustic-Optic Deflector Telescope



Three-Lens Deflector System

#### The problem:

In the construction of page-organized holographic memories, it is necessary to provide a collimated laser beam which can be deflected parallel to itself. This is used for selecting stored holograms from a two-dimensional array.

A typical deflector system is a single-lens type which includes an acoustic-optic deflector cell and a collimating lens. The cell bends the incoming laser beam at a predetermined angle to make it incident on the desired hologram. The lens between the cell and the array collimates the beam. One disadvantage of this system is its long optical path. In a typical setup, the path between the cell and the storage array is 27 m long.

#### The solution:

A three-lens system significantly reduces the optical path length.

#### How it's done:

The effective focal length (EFL) of the three-lens system, as shown in the illustration, is given by

$$\text{EFL} = f_1 f_3 / f_2$$

where  $f_1$ ,  $f_2$ , and  $f_3$  are the focal lengths of lenses  $L_1$ ,  $L_2$ , and  $L_3$ , respectively. Lens  $L_1$ , with a focal length  $f_1$  that is much smaller than the required EFL of the system, produces in its back focal plane a small pattern of deflected spots. Lenses  $L_2$  and  $L_3$  project an image of the spots onto the back focal plane of  $L_3$  with a linear magnification of  $f_3/f_2$ . The total distance  $d$  between the front and back focal planes of the systems is

$$d = 2(f_1 + f_2 + f_3)$$

For a given value of EFL, length  $d$  is minimized by making  $f_1 = f_3$ , with  $f_2$  as small as possible.

(continued overleaf)

Reasonable values for the memory system parameters are  $f_1 = f_3 = 410$  mm, with  $f_2 = 12.5$  mm. This gives an EFL = 13.4 m, with  $d = 1.67$  m. The optical apertures are sufficiently small that diffraction-limited operation can be obtained using simple lenses for  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  and a doublet for  $L_3$  corrected for spherical aberration.

**Note:**

Requests for further information may be directed to:

Technology Utilization Officer  
Marshall Space Flight Center  
Code AT01  
Marshall Space Flight Center, Alabama 35812  
Reference: B74-10293

**Patent status:**

Inquiries concerning rights for the commercial use of this invention should be addressed to:

Patent Counsel  
Marshall Space Flight Center  
Code CC01  
Marshall Space Flight Center, Alabama 35812

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